Laboratory Lighting Controls Upgrade

- New Laboratory Building Biological Sciences 3
- Beat Title 24 Energy Standard by 20%+
- Challenge to reduce annual energy consumption from lighting by ~50%
- Extremely low Lighting Power Density (LPD)
 LPD = Lighting Watts / Square Foot
- Lab Environment with ~50 Foot-candle Requirement
- Reducing true LPD not a probable option



Manual Switch to Occupancy Sensor



50% Auto On - Manual to 100% - Auto Off

Auto on to 50% Light Level



Lower Blinds to Allow for Daylighting



Photocell to Control Window Fixture



Fixture Closest to the Window is OFF





Summary

- Project Is Scalable (floors, buildings, campuses)
- Simple Payback Period in the 2.3 to 3.4 year range
- Savings Based on Controls not LPD!
- Consider under cabinet task lighting at the work
 surface to augment overhead lighting
- Consider perforated blinds to increase light and reduce glare through "views" portion of fenestration

- 1. Lighting should be as flexible as the possible
- 2. Provide task lighting when additional illumination is needed
- 3. Encourage occupants to be conscious of their lighting needs
- 4. Do not discount the synergistic savings of heat produced by over illuminated spaces

Previous Best	Space Type	Gross
Practice		Hall
0.9 watts/sqft	Offices	0.49 watts/sqft
1.1 watts/sqft	Labs	0.66 watts/sqft
1 watts/sqft	Overall Conditioned Space	0.61 watts/sqft

208,561 kWh/year

94,753 kWh/year

Results in a savings of <u>\$11,897 per year</u> at \$0.105 per kWh



Perforated Window Blinds Make use of daylighting without the glare



Lab areas within 15' of the window line and all private offices and conference rooms are equipped with automatic daylighting controls

LED Task Lighting

Magnetically mounted LED Task Lighting